

## Appendix A

### National and Sub-Regional Policy Context

#### Health and Social Care Act (2012)

Introduced the establishment of Health and Wellbeing Boards, the priority for health and social care partners to work closer together and the requirement for each Health and Wellbeing Board to develop and monitor a Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

#### NHS Five Year Forward View (2014)

The key principle is to give more focus to prevention and Public Health with people having much more control of their own care. There is no 'one size fits all'. Local needs should determine which care model to adopt. Sustainability and Transformation Plans are being developed to implement the Five Year Forward View.

#### The Care Act (2014)

This introduced the biggest change to the law determining adult care in England in 60 years. The 'wellbeing' concept is central to the Act. It placed new responsibilities on Councils to consider the physical, mental and emotional Wellbeing of the individual needing care and a new duty to provide preventative services to maintain people's health.

#### The Children and Families Act (2014)

This legislation aims to improve services for vulnerable children and support strong families. It underpins wider reforms to ensure all children and young people can succeed, no matter what their background.

#### Better Health for London: Next Steps

This document was supported by the Mayor of London and sets out ambitions on behalf of London Councils, London CCGs, NHS England and Public Health England. It is based upon the London Health Commission's priorities and sets out shared ambitions for measuring progress towards the following shared goals:

- give all London's children a healthy, happy start to life
- get London fitter with better food, more exercise and healthier living
- make work a healthy place to be in London
- help Londoners to kick unhealthy habits
- care for the most mentally ill in London so they live longer, healthier lives
- enable Londoners to do more to look after themselves
- ensure that every Londoner is able to see a GP when they need to and at a time that suits them
- create the best health and care services of any world city, throughout London and on every day
- fully engage and involve Londoners in the future health of their city
- put London at the centre of the global revolution in digital health

#### The Barker Commission (2014)

This was an independent Commission, set up by the Kings Fund in 2014, which highlighted the lack of alignment between the NHS and social care in the way that services are funded and commissioned as a major obstacle to integration and there is strong agreement, set out in

**Appendix A**

the numerous national research and evaluation papers, about the key success criteria needed to underpin successful health and care integration. A strong, trusting and collaborative executive is seen as essential (and the more ambitious the model of integration the more critical this becomes) to develop a shared purpose and vision of what integrated care will achieve, aligned with a strategic integrated commissioning function to deliver the vision.